

GUINEA-BISSAU









GOVERNMENT

Chief of State

President Umaro Cissoko EMBALO

Head of Government

Prime Minister Nuno NABIAM

Government Type

semi-presidential republic

Capital

Bissau

Legislature

unicameral National People's Assembly or Assembleia Nacional Popular (102 seats)

Judiciary

Supreme Court or Supremo Tribunal de Justica (consists of 9 judges)

Ambassador to US

Guinea-Bissau does not have official representation in Washington, DC

US Ambassador

US Embassy suspended operations on 14 June 1998: the US Ambassador to Senegal is accredited to Guinea-Bissau: Ambassador Tulinabo S. MUSHINGI

GEOGRAPHY

Area

Total: 36,125 sq km Land: 28,120 sq km Water: 8,005 sq km

Climate

tropical; generally hot and humid; monsoonaltype rainy season (June to November) with southwesterly winds; dry season (December to May) with northeasterly harmattan winds

Natural Resources

fish, timber, phosphates, bauxite, clay, granite, limestone, unexploited deposits of petroleum

ECONOMY

Economic Overview

highly dependent on subsistence agriculture, cashew nut exports, and foreign assistance: Illegal logging and trafficking in narcotics play significant roles; potential for development of mineral resources, including phosphates, bauxite, and mineral sands; offshore oil and gas exploration has begun

GDP (Purchasing Power Parity)

\$3.17 billion (2017 est.)

GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity)

\$1,900 (2017 est.)

Exports

\$328.1 million (2017 est.)

partners: India 67.1%, Vietnam 21.1% (2017)

Imports

\$283.5 million (2017 est.)

partners: Portugal 47.8%, Senegal 12.1%, China 10.4%,

Netherlands 8.1%, Pakistan 5.4% (2017)

PEOPLE & SOCIETY

Population

1.93 million (July 2020 est.)

Population Growth

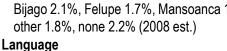
2.51% (2020 est.)

Ethnicity

Fulani 28.5%. Balanta

22.5%, Mandinga 14.7%,

Papel 9.1%, Manjaco 8.3%, Beafada 3.5%, Mancanha 3.1%, Bijago 2.1%, Felupe 1.7%, Mansoanca 1.4%, Balanta Mane 1%,



Crioulo (lingua franca), Portuguese (official; largely used as a second or third language), Pular (a Fula language), Mandingo

Religion

Muslim 45.1%, Christian 22.1%, animist 14.9%, none 2%, unspecified 15.9% (2008 est.)

Urbanization

urban population: 44.2% of total population (2020)

rate of urbanization: 3.41% annual rate of change (2015-20 est.)

Literacy

59.9% (2015)

as of April 2020